

MEDICAL UNIVERSITY - PLEVEN, BULGARIA

❖ For each question there is only one correct answer. Multiple answers will be scored as

CHEMISTRY EXAM

❖ Indicate the correct answers on the answer sheet with "X".

Sample Test – v.2

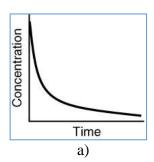
Part A: Multiple Choice Questions

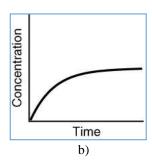
b) $BaCl_2 + Na_2SO_4 \rightarrow BaSO_4 + 2NaCl$

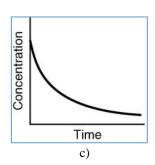
ın	correct.							
1.	Atom becomes ion when there is: a) gain of electrons b) loss of electrons				c) gain or loss of electronsd) neither gain nor loss of electrons			
2.	Which sublevel can a) f	n by occupied b b) p	oy a maximun c) d	n of 10 ele	ectrons?			
3.	The nucleus of an a present in a neutra a) 2		-	d 6 neutro	ons. The total	number	of electrons	
4.	 4. Which of the following is true about polar covalent bonds? a) electrons are transferred from one atom to another b) one atom will have a partial negative charge and another will have a partial positive charge c) atoms do not carry a partial charge d) both atoms in this type of bond hold a partial negative charge 							
5.	What type of bond a) ionic	ing is formed w b) metallic		onia molec ordinate c		-	trovalent	
6.	The isotope symbo	l for an ion tha	t has 11 proto	ns, 12 neu	itrons, and 10	electron	s is:	
	a) $_{11}^{12}Na^{+}$	b) 23 Na	c) $_{12}^{23}Mg^{2+}$		d) $^{23}_{11}Na^+$			
7.	Which one of the f a) HCl	following molecular b) PCl ₃	cules has an ic		? d) CF	⁷ 4		
8.	Which of the followa) H ₂	wing has the str b) N ₂	ongest bond?	c) F ₂		d) O ₂		
9.	In which of the following a) FeSO ₄	lowing compout b) Fe(_	t oxidation stace) Fe ₂ O ₃	ate?	d) FeCl ₂	
10). Which of the follo a) carbonic	•	eakest acid ? rochloric		c) nitric		d) trichloroacetic	
11	a) NaOH	ng compounds b) HC		etrolyte?		d) HCl	O_4	
12	2. Which of the follo a) HCl + NaOH -	•	s is an oxidation		on process ? $H_2O \rightarrow H_2 +$	CO		

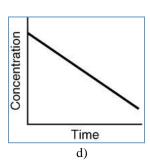
d) $CaCO_3 \rightarrow CaO + CO_2$

13. Which of the following is not a possible graph of concentration versus time for a reactant?









14. If the rate of the reaction $A + B \rightarrow products$ is first order in A and second order in B, then the rate law is:

- a) rate = $k[A][B]^2$
- b) rate= $[A][B]^2$
- c) rate= k[A].2[B]
- d) rate= k[A]+2[B]

15. The addition of a catalyst to a reaction provides an alternative mechanism with:

- a) lower activation energy and lower reaction rate
- b) lower activation energy and higher reaction rate
- c) higher activation energy and lower reaction rate
- d) higher activation energy and higher reaction rate

16. When sodium reacts with chlorine to form sodium chloride ($2Na + Cl_2 \rightarrow 2NaCl$), electrons are lost by

- a) sodium, only
- b) chlorine, only
- c) both sodium and chlorine
- d) neither sodium nor chlorine

17. A Brönsted-Lowry base is a(n):

- a) proton donor
- b) electron donor
- c) proton acceptor
- d) electron acceptor

18. The definition of pH is:

- a) log of the hydrogen ion concentration
- b) natural log of the hydrogen ion concentration
- c) negative log of the hydroxide ion concentration
- d) negative log of the hydrogen ion concentration

19. Forward reaction is favored when

- a) concentration of reactants is decreased
- b) concentration of products is increased
- c) concentration of products is decreased
- d) concentration of products is increased and concentration of reactants is decreased

20. If the pH of a solution is 8, what is the molar concentration of hydroxide ions [OH]?

- a) $1x10^{-6}$ mol/L
- b) 6 mol/L
- c) $1x10^{-14}$ mol/L d) $1x10^{-8}$ mol/L

21. The name given to hydrocarbons containing one double bond is:

- a) alkanes
- b) alkenes
- c) alkynes
- d) dienes

22. Select the molecular formula of toluene

- a) C₅H₇
- b) C_6H_8
- c) C_7H_8
- d) C_8H_{10}

23.	Which of the folloa) CO ₂	owing compounds comb) H ₃ C-CHO					
24.		\mathbf{I}_3					
25.		ct formed in the react	tion				
	CH ₃ CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	+ $H_2O \xrightarrow{H_2SO_4} ?$					
	a) 1-butanolb) 2-butanol			c) CH ₃ 0 d) butan	•	OH)CH ₂ OH	
26.	CH ₃ CH ₂ COOCH ₂ a) diethyl ether b) propionic acid c) ethyl alcohol a	roduct/s of the follows 2CH ₃ + H ₂ O and propyl alcohol and propyl alcohol and propyl alcohol	ing reaction?				
27.	What reagents car a) butyric acid ar b) propionic acid c) propionic acid d) acetic acid and	I and formamide I and ammonia	e propionamic	le?			
28.	When a hydrogen of a family know a) phenols	atom in benzene is ron as: b) thiols	eplaced by a h	ydroxyl g	-	I, the compound is double d) alcohols	part
29.	Hydrogen bonds (CANNOT be formed and methyl alcohol hanal diethyl ether	between which	ŕ		,	,
30.	Primary alcohols a) acids	on dehydrogenation g b) ketones	give : c) aldehydes	S	d) alken	es	
31.	 Which of the following compounds could be oxidized to form 4-ethyl-3-methylhexanal? a) 4-ethyl-3-methylhexanoic acid b) 4-ethyl-3-methyl-2-hexanol c) 4-ethyl-3-methyl-1-hexanol d) 4-ethyl-3-methyl-1-hexene 						
32.	Which of the folloa) CH ₃ CH ₂ COCH	owing would give a p H ₃ b) CH ₃ CH=0		s test ? H ₃ CH ₂ CI	HO (d) CH ₃ COOH	

33. Which are the products of the r a) CH ₃ -CH ₂ -COONa, CO ₂ and b) CH ₃ -CH ₂ -COONa and CO ₂ c) CH ₃ -CH ₂ -COONa and H ₂ O d) CH ₃ -CH ₂ -COONa, NaOH	d H ₂ O 2 O	CH ₂ –COOH + Na ₂ CO	$g_3 \rightarrow ?$			
 34. The correct IUPAC name for the a) 4-ethyl-2-methyl-1-bromide b) 6-bromo-2-methyl-3-ethylh c) 2-bromo-3-ethyl-2-methylh d) 2-bromo-4-ethylheptane 	e exane	npound CH ₃ -CH ₂ -CH	CH ₂ -CH ₃ I ₂ -CH-CH ₂ -CH-Br is: CH ₃			
 35. Which statement is correct? a) the carbonyl group activity in addition reactions is higher when the hydrocarbon residue is smaller b) aldehydes are more reactive than ketones c) aldehydes and ketones can add H₂, HCN, ROH, RNH₂, NaHSO₃ d) all of the above 						
36. 2-Butene will be the product of: a) hydration of butane b) oxidation of 2-butanol c) hydration of propyne d) dehydration of 2-butanol						
37. Monoaminomonocarboxylic ac a) acidic character b) basic character	ids have:	c) amphoteric pr d) reducing pow				
38. Glucose is classified as: a) aldopentose b) ket	ohexose	c) ketotriose	d) aldohexose			
39. Which of the following is not a a) alanine b) an		c) asparagine	d) leucine			
40. When cellulose is hydrolyzed, to a) glucose b) fr	the final product uctose	cs are molecules of: c) maltose	d) ribose			

Part B: Short Answer Questions

- **❖** Write your answers in the space provided for each question!
- 1. Indicate the number of electrons, protons and neutrons in the isotope 79/35Br.

 No. of electrons = No. of protons = No. of neutrons =

 2. In the following equation, identify the acid, base, conjugate acid and conjugate base:

 HCN + H₂O ≠ H₃O⁺ + CN⁻

 acid conjugate base

 base conjugate acid

 Identify the conjugate acid-base pairs:
- 3. Write the structural formula of the compound 2,3-dimethylpentane.

4. Show the equation and name the product formed when propene reacts with HBr.