

Name.....

Date

SAMPLE TEST IN MEDICAL ETHICS - 1

TRUE/FALSE

Indicate whether the sentence or statement is true or false.

- ___ 1. In the Hippocratic Oath *abortions* are considered as *ethically permissible*:
A. True
B. False
- ___ 2. All of the following are *criteria for valid informed consent*: Voluntariness, Provision of information, Competence:
A. True
B. False
- ___ 3. “Death with dignity” is a concrete characteristic of the “good death”:
A. True
B. False

MULTIPLE CHOICE

Identify the letter of the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- ___ 4. Which of the following categories is an example of a *competent patient*:
A. Schizophrenic patient in acute episode
B. Severely injured victim of car accident in shock
C. 40-year-old patient with obesity
D. 80-year-old man with dementia
E. Comatose patient
- ___ 5. Which of the following criteria about allocation of organs and tissues is *NOT* ethically relevant:
A. Social status of the recipient
B. Severity of medical need
C. Medical probability of success

- _____ 6. The role of the physician in the deliberative model of relationship according to Emanuel&Emanuel is:
- A. Adviser
 - B. Friend
 - C. Technical expert
 - D. Gardian

COMPLETION

Complete each sentence or statement.

7. The term _____ refers to the use of artificial materials as permanent replacement for failing human organs.
8. In the case of an experiment with human beings experimental protocol must be submitted for consideration, comment, guidance and approval to _____.
9. _____ school of thought supports allocation of resources based on free choices of those who own the resources.
10. In case of _____ cloning embryo's stem cells are encouraged to grow into a piece of human tissue or a complete human organ for transplant.
11. _____ means making decisions on behalf of people who are incapable of making decisions themselves.

MATCHING

Match each item to the definition below.

- A. Active paternalism
- B. Passive paternalism
- C. Strong paternalism
- D. Weak paternalism

- _____ 12. The physician takes decision instead of a competent patient.
- _____ 13. The physician acts despite of the refusal of the patient.
- _____ 14. The physician refuse to fulfill the desire of the patient.
- _____ 15. The physician takes decision instead of incompetent patient.

Match each item to the statement or definition listed below.

- A. Heterologous insemination C. Homologous insemination
B. Informed consent D. Competency

- ___ 16. Type of artificial insemination where husband's sperm is used.
___ 17. The term which indicates the ability of a person to take decisions for himself.
___ 18. Process of providing adequate information to patients so that they can make a choice about procedure or treatment.
___ 19. Type of artificial insemination where donor's sperm is used.

CASES

- ___ 20. **Determine the level of breach of confidentiality in the following case:** A doctor present a case to a scientific conference including information about patient's name, workplace, marital status, clinical symptoms and prescribed drugs.
A. No breach of confidentiality
B. Trivial breach of confidentiality
C. Significant or serious breach of confidentiality
- ___ 21. **For the following case indicate the ethically right decision for hospitalizing the patient without consent:** A 23-year-old drunk man is brought in casualty by his girlfriend. He is angry and threatening to kill a rival:
A. The man can be hospitalized without consent
B. The man cannot be hospitalized without consent
- ___ 22. A baby-boy was born with a severe brain defect. The chances of survival after reanimation were good but the baby would have a significant mental retardation. The parents asked the treating physician to withhold reanimation. **Define the type of euthanasia in the case:**
A. Active voluntary euthanasia.
B. Active non-voluntary euthanasia.
C. Passive voluntary euthanasia.
D. Passive non-voluntary euthanasia.
E. No euthanasia.
- ___ 23. A 39-year-old married woman with two children and high cardiovascular risk wants **sterilisation**.
A. Ethically acceptable.
B. Ethically unacceptable.

- _____ 24. A hospitalized patient was invited to participate in a therapeutic experiment. The patient refused. During the next days the patient noticed that he got less attention from the personnel than before. *Is there a violation of patient's rights?*
- A. No, there is no violation of patient's rights.
 - B. Yes, patient's rights are violated.

Numeric Response

25. Enumerate *5 arguments against surrogate motherhood*:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

26. Enumerate *5 rights of patients according to the World Medical Association Declaration*:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.